

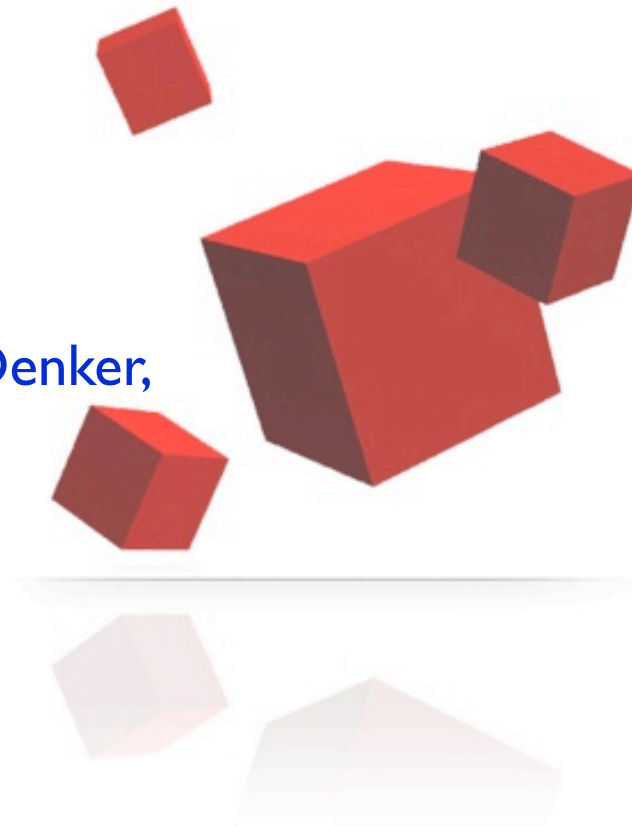
Context-Aware Aspects

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Introduction

- Context awareness
 - program behavior depends on “context”
 - issue: if statements tangling
 - seen as a crosscutting concern

- Our approach: aspect language constructs
 - need for context abstractions in the language [R.Gabriel@aosd06]



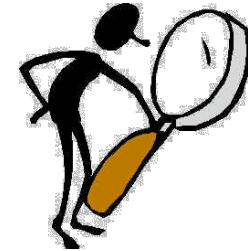
Outline

1. Contexts with an Online Shopping Application
2. Context-Aware Aspects
3. Framework-based approach
4. Related work
5. Conclusion

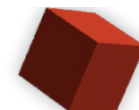


Contexts with an Online Shopping Application

When a purchase has to be ordered,
the bill is calculated.



```
aspect Discount {  
    double rate = 0.90;  
  
    pointcut amount():  
        execution (double ShoppingCart.getAmount());  
  
    double around():  
        amount() {return proceed() * rate;}  
}
```



Variability in the relation Context-Aspect

- Discounting aspect can be based on
 - promotion when user **checks out**
 - promotion when user **logs in**
 - promotion when an item is **added to cart**
 - ...
- Promotional context can be based on
 - **time slots**
 - state of the **stock (overload)**
 - purchase done **via web service** (ie. control flow property)
 - ...
- Rate can be constant or **depend** on the promotion context

Separate contexts and aspects



Context: Part of the Environment

- *Stateful*: public and private data carried to describe an environment.
- *Composable*: elaborated contexts obtained from primitive contexts.
- *Parameterized*: generic context parametrized by aspects.



Restricting an Aspect to a Context - step 1

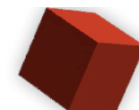
Reference to a context in the pointcut definition:

```
aspect Discount {
    double rate = 0.90;
    pointcut amount():
        execution (double ShoppingCart.getAmount())
            && inContext(PromotionCtx);

    double around(): amount() {
        return proceed() * rate;
    }
}
```

*“apply
discount if currently in
promotion context”*

context restriction



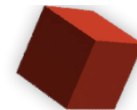
Restricting an Aspect to a Context - step II

Discount rate is determined by the context:

```
aspect Discount {  
    pointcut amount(double rate):  
        execution (double ShoppingCart.getAmount())  
        && inContext(PromotionCtx(rate));  
  
    double around(double rate): amount(rate) {  
        return proceed() * rate;  
    }  
}
```

*“... and accessing
the rate”*

context state exposure



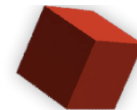
Restricting an Aspect to a Context - step III

A context is parameterized by the dependent aspect:

*“... if
stock overload
reaches 80%”*

```
aspect Discount {  
    pointcut amount(double rate):  
        execution (double ShoppingCart.getAmount())  
            && inContext(PromotionCtx(rate))  
            && inContext(StockOverloadCtx[0.80]);  
  
    double around(double rate): amount(rate) {  
        return proceed() * rate;  
    }  
}
```

context parameterization



Extensible Context Restrictions

- General purpose restrictions:

- **inContext** (c) : if current context = c
- **createdInContext** (c) : if *this* was created in context c
- ...

- Domain/application-specific restrictions:

- **putInCartInContext** (c) : if context when *this* was added to a cart = c
- ...



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- ...

CONTEXT SNAPSHOTS



Context-Aware Aspects in a Nutshell

- Contexts and aspects are separated.
- Contexts are parameterized, composable and stateful.
- Context state bound to pointcut variables in aspects.
- Support for new context-related pointcut restrictors.

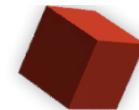
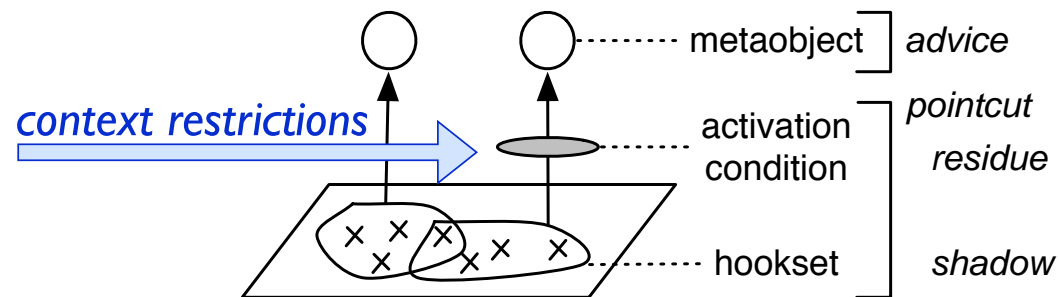


Implementation



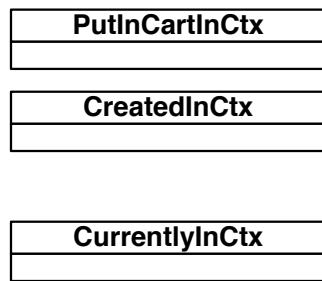
Implementation

- Requirements for an AOP framework (core semantics)
 - aspects first-class (eg. cflow exposed as an object)
 - extensibility of dynamic conditions
- Our implementation: Reflex
 - links as first-class pointcut/advice pairs
 - activation conditions as objects

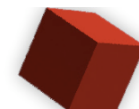
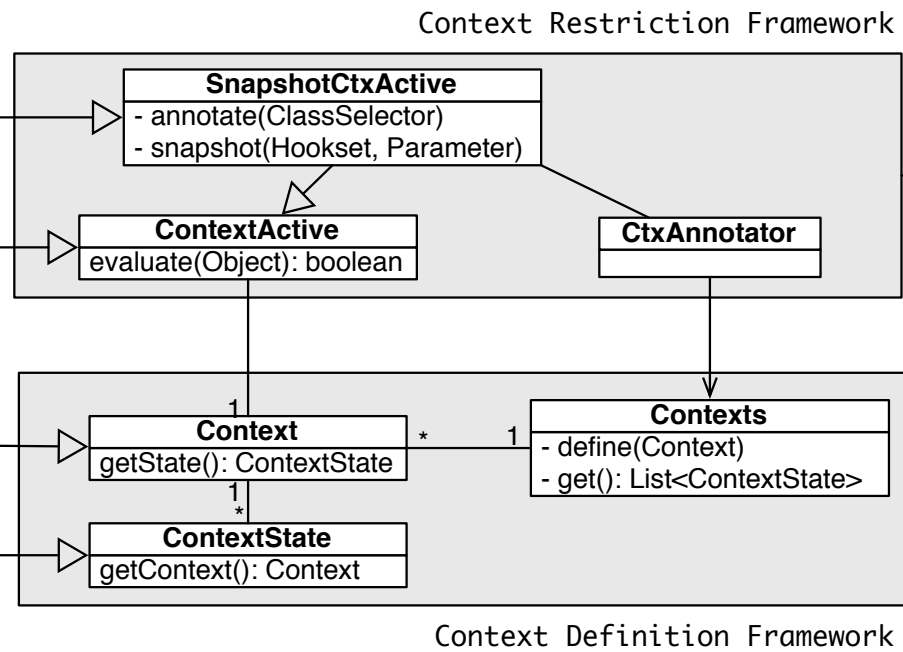
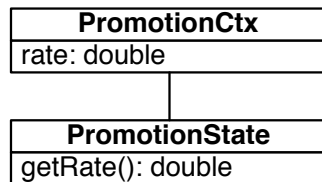


Framework for Context-Aware Aspects

activation conditions



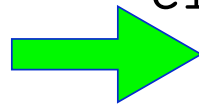
context definitions



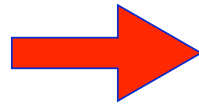
Definition of the Promotion context

- . Promotion active when using web services (**control flow**)
- . Reference to **past** context state: *which state to capture?*

```
class PromotionCtx implements Context {  
    double rate = ...; // variable state
```

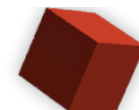


```
    // cflow(execution(* WebServiceRequest+.*(..)))
```



```
    CFlow cf = CFlowFactory.get(  
        new Hookset(MsgReceive.class, new NameCS("WebServiceRequest"),  
            new AnyOS()));
```

```
    ContextState getState() {  
        return (cf.in())? new PromotionState(rate)  
            : null;  
    }  
}
```



Related Work

- ContextL [Dynamic Languages Symposium 2005]
 - language approach to context orientation, no aspects

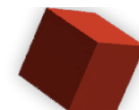
- EAOP, stateful aspects, ...
 - focus on “internal context” (joinpoints), no notion of external ctx

- Caesar] [TAOSD 2006]
 - thread-based scoping (kind of ctx)



Conclusion

- Proposed the notion of *context-aware aspects*
 - aspects that depend on context
 - new and extensible set of pointcut restrictors
- Framework for context-aware aspects based on Reflex.
- **Handling context-related behavior as aspects allows for a better modularization.**
- Future Work
 - Concrete syntax for context-aware aspects over Reflex
 - Apps in ubiquitous computing: eg. WildCAT for external context



Context-Aware Aspects

- Aspect behaviour depends on (possibly past) context
- Contexts
 - stateful
 - composable
 - parameterized
 - can be snapshot

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